



ALEXANDRIA.

MONDAY EVENING, AUGUST 22.

THE ANNUAL REPORT of the civil service commission, recently published, attempts to explain why, under a free government, with equal opportunities to all, a man thirty six years of age is not entitled to the same privileges, under a democratic administration, as one thirty-five years old, and one forty six to the same as one forty five years of age. In other words, why a man thirty-five years of age can enter the postal service of the country, while one thirty-six, one year older, can not, and why one forty-five years old can enter any other service of the country subject to the civil service law, while a better man physically and mentally, forty-six years old, can not. But the explanation is not at all satisfactory. In the first place, the un-American rule is not general in its application, as it does not apply to those who fought on one side during the civil war. And surely because republican administrations, actuated solely by the fear of approaching democratic ascendancy, adopted such rules—not laws—for the purpose of keeping republicans in office, is not a sufficient reason why a democratic administration should be bound by them, especially as the democratic President has the indisputable right and power to alter or abolish them at his pleasure.

ACCORDING to a paragraph in the GAZETTE'S Washington correspondence of today, Alexandrians with surplus money need not seek more profitable investment for it than can be found in their own city. There is no doubt that Alexandria's attractions for family residence and for bringing up children, to people in moderate circumstances, are greatly superior to those of Washington, and that, aware of this fact, many people whose business is in Washington have for years past been trying to rent or buy suitable dwelling houses here, but have failed, for the reason that there are none for them to get. Washington's population is overflowing in all directions, and some of it must of necessity come to Alexandria if it can find accommodation here. If houses here, immediately under their owners' eyes, will pay such interest on the money invested in them as stated, it is passing strange that Alexandrians, with bonds and stocks paying them from three to six per cent. interest, should not dispose of them and invest the money in the erection of houses that will pay them from eight to twelve per cent.

SUPPOSE UNDER General Jackson's administration a federal commission investigating the affairs of a railroad company in which the government was interested to a large amount, had discovered that the patent fact that the managers of that road had robbed the government and bribed Congressmen could be demonstrated by documentary evidence in possession of those managers, and he had been asked by the commission if they should employ counsel to assist the U. S. attorney in his efforts to have that evidence produced, does any man who has read anything about General Jackson, believe that his answer would have been "to use their discretion in the matter"? And yet that is just what President Cleveland has done.

EVERY RIGHT thinking Southern man applauds the recent determination of the Governor of South Carolina to execute the order of the legislature of his State, passed early in the war between the States, to award a medal to General "Shanks" Evans for his gallant and successful fight at Ball's Bluff. It should have been executed long ago. But the bloody shirters of the North will probably object, and will base their objection upon the section in the fifteenth amendment to the Constitution, which provides that no State shall "pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States."

HENRY CLAY, the leader of the old time whig protectionists, said "an American industry that could not thrive with a tariff of 20 per cent. to protect it, should perish. The average existing tariff amounts to 45 per cent. And yet the republicans and the so-called democratic protectionists, are opposed to any reduction in the tariff, but would remove the internal revenue tax on whiskey, so as to necessitate the maintenance of the existing high tariff on the necessities of life."

The American Magazine for September has been received from its publishers in New York. Its contents are: Along the Caribbean, The Deserted Farm, Our New Navy, The Military System of Canada, Keeping the Tryst, In Louisiana, A Woman who Hunting, Kn Klux, A Sin Not to be Forgiven, In and Out of a Canoe, A Poet and his Verses, Denham on the Vaucluse, With a Gift of Lilies, Some Curious Sea-words, Down by the Sea, American Palpit, The Household, Timely Topics and the Portfolio.

We acknowledge the receipt of "Restless Heart," a polka caprice for the piano, by Ernest L. Bolling, formerly of Louisiana county, now of Richmond, and dedicated to Miss Mary Celeste Winston, of Louisiana county.

A dreadful story is told of a Chilian of Los Angeles. He had a grudge against a neighbor, and when smallpox recently appeared in the province he obtained a number of dried pustules and put them inside a plug of tobacco, which he placed where the people he hated were likely to see it. The neighbors found it, made cigarettes from it, and smoked them. A few days afterward smallpox broke out in the house, and with such virulence that no one of the family escaped. The friend was attacked with the disease a few days afterward, and died after confessing his crime.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Correspondence of the ALEX. GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 22, 1887.

It was stated in this correspondence a week or so ago that a real estate agent in Alexandria, here at that time, said he had received as many as twenty-five applications a month for dwelling houses in Alexandria by people in this city who wished to rent such houses, but that there were none such there. To-day a real estate agent of this city told the GAZETTE'S correspondent that he had received applications for both the rent and purchase of houses in Alexandria, but could not supply them. He said a capitalist here, aware of this unsupplied want, had informed him that if Alexandrians would agree to put in \$30,000 he would guarantee the investment of at least \$500,000 in the erection of modern dwelling houses in Alexandria, and was certain they would all be purchased or rented by the time they were completed. He said the houses wanted were such as would contain from six to eight rooms, but with all the modern conveniences, and that would rent at from \$20 to \$30 a month, as government clerks here could afford that much. A plenty of such houses, he said, and more rapid and frequent communication with Washington, would in a short time add greatly to Alexandria's population. He also said the prevailing idea that there is no money in Alexandria for investment in the erection of houses, or for any other purpose, is entirely erroneous, and was so proved by his own experience, as he himself had recently invested a good deal of Alexandria money in real estate in this city, and had loaned money on such security. The right sort of dwelling houses in Alexandria, he said, would pay from ten to twelve per cent on the investment.

A Virginia democrat here to-day who attended the farmers' meeting near Marshall, Fauquier county, in his State, last Saturday, says between five and six hundred were present, and that speeches were made by Gen. J. G. Field, Col. Robert Lowery, and Messrs. A. G. Smith and Bradford Berkeley. The speeches, he says, were in favor of nominating farmers for the legislature, and complained of poor crops and small prices, and of high railroad freights. The gentleman referred to says the democrats of the whole upper part of Fauquier county seem to be very loose in their party attachment, and that if those of the other parts are like them in that respect the democratic majority there will be very small next November. He says that while the object of the managers of the farmers' movement may not be to injure the democratic party, he is inclined to think, from what he saw and heard last Saturday, that that will be its practical effect.

A gentleman who arrived here this morning from Capon Springs, says that last Saturday the wife of Major Godlee, of the marine service, the daughter of Senator Beck, slipped while descending into the pool in a bath house, and would have drowned had it not been that some workmen heard her screams, and, breaking in the door, rescued her when life was almost extinct.

The President drove in from his country residence at the usual hour this morning, and was at his desk in his office at the White House until this afternoon, engaged in his usual routine business. An Alexandria county republican, here to-day, says that Mr. James H. Loh, the superintendent of the Columbia Brick Company's works, in that county, where a large number of colored as well as white hands are employed, has determined to be a candidate for the straight out republican nomination for the legislature in Alexandria county and city, and that he will have a strong support.

Gen. W. H. Payne, of Warrenton, whose return from Europe has been already announced, when in this city last week, said he had traveled in Scotland, England, France and Switzerland, that England was the best and grandest country he had seen abroad, and that Paris was most attractive city in the world, and the people there had more personal liberty than here, but that he returned home more pleased with his own country than ever, and that the only reason why he did not eat his breakfast in Warrenton the morning after the evening he arrived at New York was the delay to which he was subjected at the Customs House.

The President and all the members of his Cabinet will attend the centennial celebration of the adoption of the Constitution in Philadelphia next month.

The Department of State has made no peremptory demand upon the Spanish government for the release of the Rev. E. T. Doane, who was arrested and imprisoned in the Caroline Islands, charged with inciting the natives to resist the authority of the Governor of that Island. The case is being investigated by the Department, and in the meantime the U. S. Consul at Manila, where Mr. Doane is imprisoned, has been instructed to use his good offices in behalf of the prisoner.

A gentleman who recently had an interview with Secretary Bayard on the subject of civil service reform, says the Secretary told him that where, either at home or abroad, he had found men doing their duty he had invited them to continue giving their assistance in carrying on the business of the United States without any regard to their political proclivities, and that this was the policy and practice of the present government, which would continue to be.

Indiana people now in the city say newspaper reports to the contrary, there will be plenty of money in the treasury of that State for all required purposes, and that the reason the benevolent fund there seems short, though it is not in reality, is the fact that the republican House of Delegates would not meet with the democratic Senate for the purpose of passing the necessary appropriation bills, though they did meet for the purpose of passing a bill for the payment of their own per diem.

There is a good deal of talk here about a report to the effect that a republican who was removed for cause from one of the departments here some time ago, and went home, has returned and obtained employment under the District Commissioners through the influence of Senator Tumb, one of the Senators who was in favor of an appropriation for the extension of Massachusetts avenue.

Ex-Congressman Willis, of Kentucky and a delegation of tobacco people from his State, are in the city to protest against such tobacco crop prospect as statistician Dodge, of the Agricultural Department, last sent out, which, they say, by representing the crop as twice what it will be, has caused the tobacco growers great loss.

PREFERRING DEATH TO ARREST.—For some time John Steinbrenner, who resides near Charleston, Va., and his wife have failed to live peacefully together, and about once a month the husband took it upon himself to chastise his wife. Early last week he gave his wife a fearful beating, and in order to be even with him she swore out a warrant for his arrest. An officer went to the residence to make the arrest, but was driven away by Steinbrenner, who shot at him several times. A guard was placed around the house, where the husband had fortified himself. This occurred Tuesday and no sign of life having been discerned by the constable, it was determined Saturday afternoon to force open the door, which the wife did after several days' refusal to open. Upon entering the house the body of Steinbrenner was found in an upstairs room. He had shot himself, the bullet entering the month, taking an upward course. He swore he would never be arrested, and took this method to prevent it.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Mr. Benjamin F. Graves, a prominent merchant and farmer, died in Spotsylvania county, last Friday night. He was fifty-six years old.

The Virginia Dental Association commenced its eighteenth annual session at Old Point on Saturday, with all parts of the State represented.

Col. George W. Carter, of Washington, at one time a preacher in the Methodist church, has entered the temperance field, and made an address week before last in his native county of Loudoun.

Monroe Collier, an influential citizen of the county courthouse, living in the vicinity of the county courthouse, left home a day or two ago unobserved and went into the woods about three hundred yards from his home, where he committed suicide by shooting himself with a breech-loading double-barrel shot-gun. The deceased leaves a wife and four children.

The executive committee of the Agricultural and Mechanical Society at Lynchburg have decided on a grand trade display at the fair in October. All of the leading business establishments of the city will take part, and the idea is to make it the most memorable affair of the kind in the history of the town. One of the features suggested in connection with the President's visit is a mounted escort of 20 young ladies dressed in light habits, black hats, and wearing the national colors, to accompany Mrs. Cleveland's equipage through the city.

The court at Woodstock adjourned on Saturday, continuing the cases of the six persons indicted for misdemeanor in releasing Senator Riddleberger until the second day of the October term. In the argument on the motion to quash the indictment in the case of Deputy Sheriff Hotel, whose attorneys were R. J. Walker and Gen. James Williams, quite a scene took place. Mr. R. J. Walker stated as the grounds for the motion to quash that three of the grand jurors had not been sworn in a certain manner. His brother, the county clerk, said they had been sworn. This Attorney Walker denied every time his brother (the clerk) affirmed it, until his brother left the court room in anger. The judge then stated that his distinct recollection, having taken particular pains at the time, was that the three jurors in question had been sworn as stated by the clerk. This Attorney Walker again denied, stating that he could prove by the three grand jurors themselves that they did not know the nature of the oath they took.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Washington Light Infantry battalion left for Atlantic City at 10 o'clock last Saturday night.

Rev. E. N. S. Blogg, a member of the Virginia Conference of the M. E. Church South, died in Baltimore last Saturday.

Dr. N. A. Archer, professor of hygiene in the University of Pennsylvania, was drowned while surf bathing at Langport, near Atlantic City, on Saturday.

The Philadelphia Press is authority for saying that arrangements have been made to reorganize the old Know Nothing party with "America for Americans" for its motto.

Texas fever has broken out in several herds of cattle in Lancaster county, Pa., and a number of animals have died. The disease was brought from the West by stock cattle.

Julia Daly, wife of Warren Edgerton, died yesterday, at Newfield, N. J., of paralysis. Years ago she was a noted actress and vocalist, playing at the principal theatres in the United States and Great Britain.

Mrs. Spencer Davidson, of Baltimore, was thrown from her carriage near Froburg, Md., on Saturday last, and killed. She was visiting her brother, P. L. Burwell. The deceased lived in Washington prior to her husband's death.

The steamship Madrid, which left Philadelphia for London via South Carolina, May 25, Capt. Garson and crew of 25 men, has been given up as lost. She was last seen when steaming out of Norfolk June 16, having coal at Lambert's Point.

Mr. T. A. Lambert, of Washington, has begun a suit in Minnesota to establish his claim to a piece of land situated between St. Paul and Minneapolis, which, it is stated, is worth in the neighborhood of \$1,000,000.

A most terrific hail storm swept over Atchison, Kan., at 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon. Hail measuring nine and ten inches in circumference fell. The wind was from the north, and half the windows in the city on the north side of the houses were broken.

Bradford Burill, the man who shot Mary Ellen Kerrigan Thursday night because she had refused further companionship with him, committed suicide at the jail in Lowell, Mass., Saturday night, by tearing up the sheets in his cell and hanging himself to a spike in the wall.

The result of the State convention of the united labor party of New York shows that the convention was composed principally of Mr. Henry George. The platform and the speeches can only be interpreted as declaring that labor is unnecessary and worry and should be abolished.

The Alexandria "GAZETTE" has been very severe upon the democratic platform, and found comparatively little in it to approve, and much that has called forth its most biting criticism, but nevertheless, our esteemed cotemporary, in last Thursday's issue, says:

"It is always wise to choose the lesser of two evils. Inasmuch, therefore, as all the delinquencies and offences of the democrats are seen and gone better by the republicans, no wise Virginian will think the affairs of either the State or country can possibly be improved by the success of the latter."

The "GAZETTE" is one of the best newspapers published in Virginia, and has a great deal of influence, and we are glad to see that it will continue to contend for the success of the democratic party in the approaching contest.—Portsmouth Times.

THE REPUBLICAN ADDRESS.—The forthcoming address of Gen. Mabone will make no definite or practical suggestion, and will not commit the republican party in the State to any special line of policy, but will ridicule the democratic pledge to stand by the Riddleberger adjustment and declare that such a pledge is like a promise to stand by a corpse. The address will be exceedingly bitter on Governor Lee, and replying to the democratic endorsement of his administration as "wise and conservative," will ridicule it as one in which the highest problems that have been encountered have been social junketings and attendance at female commencements. The address is intended to be a rallying cry for the republican party of Virginia in the absence of a regular platform.

Near Tamarora, Ill., several days ago, a little child of Mr. Vaughn was set in his high chair at the table while his mother was getting dinner. A chicken came in at the door and flew upon the table. Mr. Vaughn threw a case knife at the chicken; the knife glanced and struck the child in the forehead, cutting a gash near the temple about an inch and a half long. The child lived about a week and then died.



TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Foreign News.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—The Standard, commenting on Mr. Chamberlain's speech at Birmingham, says: The Gladstonians will be disappointed to know that Mr. Chamberlain's voice gives forth as clear as ever his free affirmation of fidelity to the unionist cause.

Mr. T. W. Russell, M. P., who left the liberal unionist party because of the proclamation of the national league, has written a letter to explain his resignation. He says: "I have done my best to persuade my party and the government from proclaiming the league, but have failed. The government, in my opinion, have sped their last bullet and have handed over Ulster to Parnell. I confess that my heart turned with indignation to see my friends sacrificing the union and sacrificing loyal tenants to a handful of unreasonable landlords deserving of nobody's consideration."

PARIS, Aug. 22.—Deputy Laur has summoned M. Paul de Cassagnac before the courts. M. Laur charges that his character was defamed by M. de Cassagnac in connection with the Boulanger coup d'etat story.

BERLIN, Aug. 22.—The government have expelled two Russian families who resided in the environs of the city.

VIENNA, Aug. 22.—Munkacsy and Angeli, the artists, have been the recent recipients of the Emperor's order of merit in art and science.

Herr Nordman, a leading Vienna journalist, and for many years president of the journalists' society, is dead.

MADRID, Aug. 22.—It is understood that General Salamanca's appointment to the Captain Generalship of Cuba will be cancelled by decree published in the Official Gazette if he presist in his refusal to resign.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 22.—It is officially announced that the government has sent a circular to the powers declaring that it is unable to recognize the validity of Prince Ferdinand's election to the throne of Bulgaria.

Resignation of a Minister.

CHICAGO, August 22.—A local paper says: At the conclusion of the afternoon service yesterday Rev. Charles T. Goss, pastor of the Chicago Avenue Church, announced his resignation of his charge, to take effect Oct. 1. He said that for some time there had been dissatisfaction among some of the church members who did not sympathize with his teachings. It is understood that the committee has been divided for a considerable time on the question of Mr. Goss's teaching. A sermon he preached on a Sunday evening recently brought matters to a head. The subject was "Chicago's tolling bell." He was brought to the Chicago Avenue Church through the influence of Mr. Moody, who afterward obtained for him a unanimous call.

Mine Fire.

HANCOCK, Mich., Aug. 22.—The steamer James Fisk, Jr., has on board 300 carboys of oil of vitrol for the Calumet and Hecla mine to aid generating gas to extinguish the fire. There are en route 300 boxes of sal soda for the same purpose. Yesterday the thermometer registered 195 in the mine and serious results are yet to be expected before the fire is fully extinguished. The company is still injecting great quantities of steam and carbonic acid gas. 25,000 pounds of sulphuric acid and an equal quantity of bicarbonate of soda are daily consumed. The shaft will be kept closed indefinitely. Some mining men venture to assert that with the exception of the black hills end, the mine will not produce a pound of copper for four months.

To Defy an Injunction.

WINNIPEG, Man., Aug. 22.—A telegram from Premier Norquay congratulates the contractor and government upon paying no heed to the injunction and expects his colleagues to go right ahead and defy the Canadian Pacific railway and the Dominion government in the construction of the road. He says he will return at once, as the object of his absence from Manitoba has now been served. At a meeting of the Cabinet Council held to day it was decided to lay rails and ties despite the injunction, and if any forcible resistance is offered the Government will be backed by five thousand citizens, or all that are wanted.

Fatally Shot.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 22.—William Sloan, clerk in Chief of Police Brokaw's office, was fatally shot in the abdomen about three o'clock this morning by Paddy McGraw, a well known character about town. The affair occurred in a dive known as "Oyster Paddy," and was the result of an old grudge. McGraw has been arrested. Sloan was a well known politician and a relative of Mayor McCallin. He died at 10 o'clock this morning.

Delegates Elected.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—District Assembly 49, knights of labor, held an election yesterday for delegates to the general assembly, which meets in Minneapolis in October. The election began at 2 p. m., and about four hundred votes were cast. The delegates elected are anti-home club men, and all, with one exception, are opposed to General Master Workman Powderly's administration.

Correction.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 22.—The name of the bather who was drowned at Long Port near here yesterday was Dr. Nathaniel Archer Randolph, one of the professors at the University of Pennsylvania and not N. A. Archer as before reported.

Senator Sherman and Party.

WINNIPEG, Manitoba, Aug. 22.—Senator Sherman and party arrived from the west last night, and went on east via the Canadian Pacific an hour later.

Ives & Co.'s Failure.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—The hearing before Judge Bookstaver in the court of common pleas to day in the Henry S. Ives & Co. as signment resulted in a direction from the court that Ives & Co. must appear before a referee and disclose the whereabouts of the missing books.

Storm on the North Carolina Coast.

NORFOLK, Va., Aug. 22.—Information has been obtained showing that the storm which prevailed along the North Carolina coast on Saturday last was one of the most destructive that has visited that section for years. The damage to shipping in that vicinity must be unusually heavy.

A Forger.

Harry F. Cook, twenty years old, the discount clerk of the Columbia National Bank of Washington was arrested last night on complaint of A. T. Britton the president of that bank, charged with forging checks to the amount of \$2,024. The investigation which led to the arrest was brought about by the fact that certain checks bearing the supposed signature of John R. McLean were presented for payment by Corson & McCartney, in whose bank they had been placed on deposit. The checks passed the scrutiny of the cashiers of both banks and were not suspected until Mr. Britton found that they were counterfeit. Then the bank officials notified the gentleman to that effect. To their surprise they learned that he had not drawn on the bank at all, and he declared that if any checks bearing his name had been presented they were forgeries. This reply, of course, necessitated the production of the checks, but Mr. Britton found that the number and amount of the checks, but the checks themselves were nowhere to be found. Mr. Britton, the president, at once began a thorough investigation. Among the employees of the bank no one showed so much interest in the investigation as young Cook. Mr. Britton, however, followed up one clue after another until he was not only satisfied that Cook was the culprit, but soon found actual proof against him. Then he called in detectives to assist him in the investigation, which was ended yesterday by Cook's arrest.

Britton found that Cook had executed his forgeries with a degree of daring and coolness that was surprising in one of his age. Being familiar with the signatures of a large number of depositors in the Columbia National Bank, he had selected Mr. McLean, who had left the city for the summer. Then, disguising himself, he went to Corson & McCartney and opened an account in the name of Brown & Morris. By some unexplained oversight this bank allowed Cook to open an account without question. Then Cook began his forgeries. The checks were sent to Corson & McCartney's and placed on deposit to his credit, and the bank in turn sent them to the Columbia National Bank for collection. The signatures appeared correct in all respects, and were paid. In this manner they came into Cook's hands as a clerk in the bank, and he destroyed them as fast as they were placed on file and then drew the money by check from his own bank. In depositing the checks and in drawing the money, however, Cook never appeared in person, but used for this purpose, his younger brother, a boy about fifteen years of age, and one of the pupils of the public schools. The younger brother has also been arrested, but it is believed that he will only be held as a witness.

Harry Cook is the son of William Cook, the inventor of a patent medicine, known as "Cook's Life." His step-father is Dr. Schenckmidt, so that the young man is not only well-known, but was generally held in high esteem by a large circle of friends. When Mr. Britton discovered that Cook was the forger he told him that if he would return the money even then he might be allowed to escape, but Cook, with arrogant air of audacity, indignantly denied any knowledge of the affair, and boldly accused several other people of the crime.

Seeing that nothing could be done with him Mr. Britton turned him over to an officer and he was taken to the station house. He talked as cheerfully as could be about his arrest and said that he was satisfied it would come out all right, but that his lawyer had advised him not to talk. The younger brother, however, was not so bold and readily confessed the part he had taken in the affair.

Ex-detective John W. Combs, of Washington, died on Saturday last.

DIED.

In this city, Sunday, August 21st, EDITH GERTRUDE, infant daughter of Robert and Alice Gronau. The funeral took place at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

GREEN GINGER AND NEW MACKEREL just received by J. C. MILBURN.

TEAS.—Having bought largely of Teas, carefully selected, I am selling the same very low. J. C. MILBURN.

2500 LBS PURE BUCKWHEAT FLOUR for sale low by J. C. MILBURN.

RED WARRIOR CHOPPING AXES, wholesale and retail, at 88 King, corner of Royal st. J. T. CRIGHTON & SON.

PERFESSOR ICE CREAM FREEZERS, for sale at reduced prices, at 88 King street, corner of Royal. J. T. CRIGHTON & SON.

FRESHLY-SMOKED SUGAR-CURED SHOULDER AND BREAKFAST PIECES received to-day by J. C. MILBURN.

PHILLIPS'S DIGESTIBLE COCOA, highly recommended for invalids and children, for sale by J. C. MILBURN.

PATENT FLY FANS, two kinds, for sale at extra low prices at 88 King, corner Royal st., by J. T. CRIGHTON & SON.

WHITE WASH BRUSHES, Garden Rakes, Hoes, Trowels, &c., a full stock now at mh24 J. F. CARLIN & SONS.

TEBBA COTTA 1, 2, 3 and 4-gal. COVERED BUTTER JARS. A very desirable article, at mh15 E. J. MILLER, SON & CO'S.

SLEEVELESS VESTS, from 25c to \$1, for ladies, at mh12 AMOS B. SLAYMAKER'S.

SUITS! SUITS!—Good, pretty and cheap Suits made to order and fit guaranteed by mh24 AMOS B. SLAYMAKER.

JELLIES, PRESERVES and FRUIT BUTTER for sale by J. C. MILBURN.

MIXED PICKLE, CHOW CHOW and Cucumber Pickles, for sale at J. C. MILBURN'S.

RHEUMATISM CURED BY DR. MITCHELL'S Celebrated Rheumatism Plaster, for sale by W. F. CRIGHTON & CO.

MONTERRAT and LIME FRUIT JUICE received to-day by J. C. MILBURN.

FRESH BUTTER and EGGS constantly received and for sale by J. C. MILBURN.

FLANNEL PICNIC SHIRTS, all sizes and colors, from 50c to \$2.50, at mh16 AMOS B. SLAYMAKER'S.

POTATO CHIPS, in half-pound boxes, received to-day by J. C. MILBURN.

OLD APPLE VINEGAR and WHITE WINE VINEGAR, extra strength, for sale by J. C. MILBURN.

MALAGA GRAPES and CAPE COD CRANBERRIES just received. GEO. MCBURNEY & SON.

MISSOURI HAMS—If you have not bought one don't fail to go to MCBURNEY'S STORE and get one. They are simply grand. ap11

DRIED PEACHES, peeled and unpeeled, and bright Dried Apples for sale by J. C. MILBURN.

MISSOURI HAMS, small sizes, canvassed and uncanvassed, very fine, received to-day by J. C. MILBURN.

PULVERIZED SALT, in boxes, suitable for table and dairy, received to-day by J. C. MILBURN.

CHOICE FLORIDA ORANGES and FANCY MISSISSIPPI LEMONS just received. J. C. MILBURN.

FLOUR—Superlative, Crystal, Triumph, New South, Henron and Tenney Flour, for sale low by J. C. MILBURN.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, August 22.—The stock market was quiet but weak at the opening this morning, first prices ranging from 1/2 to 1/4 per cent. below Saturday's final prices. The market was decidedly weak from the opening and soon became active, the decline gaining force, and before 10 o'clock most stocks had lost smaller fractions. A rally of from 1/4 to 1/2 per cent. followed, during the continuance of which the market became much more quiet, and later it subsided into dullness, with no apparent movement in prices. At 11 o'clock the market was dull and steady, at settling better than the lowest prices. Money easy at 4 1/2.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 22.—Virginia bonds consolidated 45 1/2; past due coupons 61; new 3s 61 1/2; 10-40 30 1/2 bid to-day.

WHOLESALE PRICES OF PRODUCE AT 22.

Flour, fine.....	\$2.25	do 2nd.....	2.00
Superfine.....	3.00	do 3rd.....	2.50
Extra.....	3.50	do 4th.....	2.00
Family.....	4.25	do 5th.....	1.50
Fancy brand.....	4.75	do 6th.....	1.00
Wheat, Longberry.....	0.75	do 7th.....	0.75
Fultz.....	0.75	do 8th.....	0.75
Mixed.....	0.75	do 9th.....	0.75
Fair Wheat.....	0.70	do 10th.....	0.70
Damp and tough.....	0.60	do 11th.....	0.60
Corn, white.....	0.55	do 12th.....	0.55
Yellow.....	0.55	do 13th.....	0.55
Corn Meal.....	0.48	do 14th.....	0.48
Oats.....	0.28	do 15th.....	0.28
Butter, Virginia prime.....	0.20	do 16th.....	0.20
Common to middling.....	0.12	do 17th.....	0.12
Eggs.....	0.16	do 18th.....	0.17
Live Chickens.....	0.13	do 19th.....	0.14
Veal Calves.....	0.14	do 20th.....	0.15
Irish Potatoes per bushel.....	0.35	do 21st.....	0.35
Crisp Potatoes.....	0.90	do 22nd.....	1.10
" unpeeled.....	0.7	do 23rd.....	0.9
" Charries.....	0.8	do 24th.....	0.9
Drift Apples.....	0.3	do 25th.....	0.4
Bacon—Hams, country.....	0.133	do 26th.....	0.14
Best sugar-cured Hams.....	0.133	do 27th.....	0.14
" Hams.....	0.133	do 28th.....	0.14
Breakfast Bacon.....	0.11	do 29th.....	0.114
Sugar-cured Shoulders.....	0.8	do 30th.....	0.84
Bulk shoulders.....	0.63	do 31st.....	0.64
" ig. cl. sides.....	0.7	do 32nd.....	0.7
" cl. backs.....	0.8	do 33rd.....	0.8
" bellies.....	0.9	do 34th.....	0.94
Bacon Shoulders.....	0.7	do 35th.....	0.74
" Sides.....	0.94	do 36th.....	0.94
Lard.....	0.74	do 37th.....	0.8
Smoked Beef.....	0.154	do 38th.....	0.16
Sugars—Brown.....	0.43	do 39th.....	0.54
Of A.....	0.74	do 40th.....	0.54
Conf. Standard A.....	0.54	do 41st.....	0.54
Granulated.....	0.64	do 42nd.....	0.64
Coffees—Rio.....	0.19	do 43rd.....	0.22
La Guayra.....	0.22	do 44th.....	0.24
Java.....	0.25	do 45th.....	0.28
Molasses B. S.....	0.16	do 46th.....	0.16
" B.....	0.17	do 47th.....	0.17
Sugar Syrup.....	0.22	do 48th.....	0.22
Herring, Eastern, per bbl.....	3.50	do 49th.....	5.25
Potomac No. 1.....	4.00	do 50th.....	4.50
Pot. Family Roe " bbl.....	9.50	do 51st.....	10.00
Do. " 1/2 half barrel.....	4.50	do 52nd.....	5.00
Mackerel, small, per cask.....	10.00	do 53rd.....	10.00
No. 3, medium.....	10.00	do 54th.....	10.00
" No. 3, large fat.....	12.00	do 55th.....	14.50
" No. 2.....	15.00	do 56th.....	15.00
Clover Seed.....	4.25	do 57th.....	5.00
Timothy.....	2.15	do 58th.....	2.25
Plaster, ground, per ton.....	4.75	do 59th.....	5.00
Ground in bags.....	5.00	do 60th.....	5.00
Lump.....	3.50	do 61st.....	3.50
Salt—G. A. (Liverpool).....	0.75	do 62nd.....	0.80
Fine.....	1.20	do 63rd.....	1.30
Turk's Island.....	1.15	do 64th.....	1.2
Wool—Long unwashed.....	0.26	do 65th.....	0.27
Washed.....	0.30	do 66th.....	0.34
Merino—Unwashed.....	0.25	do 67th.....	0.25
Do. Washed.....	0.30	do 68th.....	0.34
Mumac.....	0.70	do 69th.....	0.75
Hay.....	10.00	do 70th.....	13.00
Cut do.....	18.00	do 71st.....	19.00
Wheat " 1/2 ton " car.....	16.50	do 72nd.....	17.00
Good Middlings.....	16.50	do 73rd.....	16.50
White Middlings.....	17.50	do 74th.....	18.00
Hominy Chop.....	19.00	do 75th.....	20.00
Cotton Seed Meal.....	24.00	do 76th.....	26.00